Sample Problems—Capital Budgeting—part 2

Use the following information to answer the next four problems.
The president of Real Time Inc. has asked you to evaluate the proposed acquisition of a new computer. The computer’s price is $40,000, and it falls into the MACRS 3-year class. Purchase of the computer would require an increase in net working capital of $2,000 (at time 0). The computer would increase the firm’s before-tax revenues by $20,000 per year but would also increase operating costs by $5,000 per year. The computer is expected to be used for 3 years and then be sold for $25,000. The firm’s marginal tax rate is 40 percent, and the project’s cost of capital is 14 percent.

1. What is the net investment required at t=0?
2. What is the operating cash flow in Year 2?
3. What is the total value of the terminal year non-operating cash flows at the end of year 3?
4. What is the project’s NPV?

Use the following information to answer the next two problems.
You have been asked by the president of your company to evaluate the proposed acquisition of a new special-purpose truck. The truck’s price is $60,000. The truck falls into the MACRS three-year class, and it will be sold after four years for $15,000. Use of the truck will require an increase in net working capital (spare parts inventory) of $2,000. The truck will have no effect on revenues, but it is expected to save the firm $20,000 per year in before-tax operating costs, mainly labor. The firm’s marginal tax rate is 40 percent.

5. What is Year 0 net cash flow (net investment)?
6. What is the operating cash flow in Year 1?

The President of Real Time Inc. has asked you to evaluate the proposed acquisition of a new computer. The computer’s price is $40,000, and it falls into the MACRS 3-year class. Purchase of the computer would require an increase in net working capital of $2,000. The computer would increase the firm’s before-tax revenues by $20,000 per year but would also increase operating costs by $5,000 per year. The computer has a salvage value of $25,000. The firm’s marginal tax rate is 40 percent.

7. What is the net investment required at t = 0?
8. What is operating cash flow in Year 2?

9. Topeka Inc purchased a machine 2 years ago for $250,000. It is in the MACRS 5-year class of property. After two full years of use, Topeka sells it for $100,000. What is the net, after-tax proceeds from the sale of this machine if Topeka’s tax rate is 40%?
Use the following information to answer the next 3 questions.
The president of your company has asked you to evaluate the proposed acquisition of a spectrometer for the firm's R&D department. The computer’s price is $170,000, The spectrometer falls into the MACRS 3-year class and would be sold after 3 years for $60,000. Purchase of the spectrometer would require an increase in net working capital of $8,000. The spectrometer would have no effect on revenues but is expected to save the firm $50,000 per year in before-tax operating costs, mainly labor. The firm’s marginal tax rate is 40 percent.

10. What is the initial outlay in year 0 associated with this project?

11. What is the incremental operating cash flow in Year 1?

12. What is the terminal cash flow in Year 3?

Use the following information to answer the next two questions.
Stanton Inc. is considering the purchase of a new machine which will reduce manufacturing costs by $5,000 annually and increase revenues by $6,000 annually. Stanton will use the MACRS method to depreciate the machine, and it expects to sell the machine at the end of its 5-year operating life for $10,000. Stanton’s marginal tax rate is 40 percent and it uses a 9 percent cost of capital to evaluate projects of this type. The machine’s cost is $40,000.

13. What is the operating cash flow in Year 2?

14. What is the terminal year non-operating cash flow at the end of year 5?

Clinton Carbide, Inc., is considering a new three-year expansion project that requires equipment that costs $1.5 million. Clinton will have to pay another $300,000 to modify the equipment for their use. The equipment falls into the three-year MACRS class and will be sold for $325,000 at the end of year 3. It is estimated that the project will generate $1,850,000 in annual sales, with operating costs of $650,000. Additionally, the project requires an investment in net working capital of $275,000 at time 0. Clinton’s tax rate is 35 percent and the firm has a 12% cost of capital

15. What is the net investment required at t=0?

16. What is the operating cash flow for year 2?

17. What is the total value of the terminal year’s nonoperating cash flow at the end of year 3?

18. Dogs Up! Franks is looking at a new sausage system with an installed cost of $400,000. This cost will be depreciated straight-line to zero over the project’s five-year life, at the end of which the sausage system will be worthless. The sausage system will save the firm $150,000 per year in pretax operating costs. If the tax rate is 34 percent and the cost of capital is 10 percent, what is the NPV of this project?